

EAST TAIERI SCHOOL

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

School Directory

Ministry Number:

3733

Principal:

Jennifer Horgan

School Address:

11 Cemetery Road, East Taieri, Mosgiel 9024

School Postal Address:

11 Cemetery Road, East Taieri, Mosgiel 9024

School Phone:

03 489 6737

School Email:

etaieri@east-taieri.school.nz

Members of the Board of Trustees

Name	Position	How Position Gained	Occupation	Term Expired/ Expires
Jason Esplin	Chair Person	Elected	Quantity Surveyo	May-19
Karen Hanna	Chair Person	Elected	Lawyer	May-22
Jennifer Horgan	Principal	ex Officio		
Andrea Roulston	Treasurer	Elected	Accountant	May-19
Hayley Rivett	Treasurer	Elected	Accountant	May-22
Sara Quelch	Secretary	Elected	Teacher	May-19
Amanda Taia	Secretary	Elected	Lecturer	May-22
Andrew Hollands	Parent Rep	Elected	Self employed	May-22
Sam Lind	Parent Rep	Elected	Manager	May-22
Janine Clague	Staff Rep	Elected	Teacher	May-22

Accountant / Service Provider:

MOORE Markhams Otago



EAST TAIERI SCHOOL

Annual Report - For the year ended 31 December 2019

Index

Page	Statement
	Financial Statements
<u>1</u>	Statement of Responsibility
<u>2</u>	Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense
<u>3</u>	Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity
<u>4</u>	Statement of Financial Position
<u>5</u>	Statement of Cash Flows
<u>6 - 11</u>	Statement of Accounting Policies
<u>12 - 20</u>	Notes to the Financial Statements
	Other Information
	Analysis of Variance
	Kiwisport



East Taieri School

Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2019

The Board of Trustees accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the principal and others as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2019 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2019 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Karen Hanna	Jennifer Horgan
Full Name of Board Chairperson	Full Name of Principal
Signature of Board Chairperson	Signature of Principal
26 May 2020	26.5.2020
Date:	Date:



East Taieri School Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2019

		2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Revenue				
Government Grants	2	2,545,358	2,477,407	2,443,784
Locally Raised Funds	3	183,929	111,420	167,266
Interest income		2,430	2,900	3,498
	_	2,731,717	2,591,727	2,614,548
Expenses				
Locally Raised Funds	3	131,992	33,400	109,278
Learning Resources	4	1,808,545	1,796,885	1,685,550
Administration	5	94,687	94,838	94,078
Finance		1,250	_	1,940
Property	6	644,327	624,439	631,329
Depreciation	7	46,502	51,000	51,961
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		987	-	-
	-	2,728,290	2,600,562	2,574,136
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		3,427	(8,835)	40,412
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenses		-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year	-	3,427	(8,835)	40,412

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.





East Taieri School Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2019

	Notes	Actual 2019 \$	Budget (Unaudited) 2019 \$	Actual 2018 \$
Balance at 1 January		442,273	442,273	401,861
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Capital Contributions from the Ministry of Education		3,427	(8,835)	40,412
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant Contribution - Board of TrusteesProperty Project		4,766 (36,860)	-	-
Equity at 31 December	22 _	413,606	433,438	442,273
Retained Earnings Reserves		413,606 -	433,438 -	442,273 -
Equity at 31 December	_	413,606	433,438	442,273

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.





East Taieri School Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2019

	Notes	2019 Actual	2019 Budget (Unaudited)	2018 Actual
	110100	\$	\$	\$
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	8	154,713	267,755	276,590
Accounts Receivable	9	106,299	96,221	96,221
GST Receivable		9,463	27,051	27,051
Prepayments		5,457	5,195	5,195
Inventories	10	26,930	30,668	30,668
Investments	11		81,880	81,880
Funds Due for Capital Works Projects	17 _	62,431	-	-
		365,293	508,770	517,605
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	13	128,024	159,510	159,510
Revenue Received in Advance	14	2,255	1,183	1,183
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	15	17,143	, <u>-</u>	· -
Finance Lease Liability - Current Portion	16	8,080	9,433	9,433
Funds held for Capital Works Projects	17	-	68,400	68,400
	-	155,502	238,526	238,526
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		209,791	270,244	279,079
Non-current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	12	233,777	206,001	206,001
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_	233,777	206,001	206,001
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	15	21,886	37,150	37,150
Finance Lease Liability	16	8,076	5,657	5,657
I marroe Lease Liability	10	0,0.0	0,00	-,
	_	29,962	42,807	42,807
Net Assets	-	413,606	433,438	442,273
	=			
Equity	22 -	413,606	433,438	442,273
-чину	=			

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.





East Taieri School Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2019

		2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Note	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Government Grants		535,117	499,810	536,940
Locally Raised Funds		184,269	111,420	171,404
Goods and Services Tax (net)		17,588	-	(31,921)
Payments to Employees		(354,570)	(345,955)	(300,683)
Payments to Suppliers		(390,846)	(226,010)	(218,393)
Interest Paid		(1,250)	-	(1,212)
Interest Received		2,496	2,900	4,947
Net cash from Operating Activities		(7,197)	42,165	161,082
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Proceeds from Sale of PPE (and Intangibles)		(987)	<u></u>	-
Purchase of PPE (and Intangibles)		(58,708)	(51,000)	(27,332)
Purchase of Investments		81,880	-	(4,009)
Net cash from Investing Activities		22,185	(51,000)	(31,341)
•			• •	
Cash flows from Financing Activities Furniture and Equipment Grant		4,766	-	_
Finance Lease Payments		(10,801)	_	(11,713)
Funds Held for Capital Works Projects		(130,830)	-	25,290
Net cash from Financing Activities		(136,865)		13,577
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(121,877)	(8,835)	143,318
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	8	276,590	276,590	133,272
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8	154,713	267,755	276,590

The statement of cash flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries and the use of land and buildings grant and expense have been excluded.

The above Cash Flow Statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements..





East Taieri School Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2019

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity

East Taieri School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education Act 1989. The Board of Trustees (the Board) is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial reports have been prepared for the period 1 January 2019 to 31 December 2019 and in accordance with the requirements of the Public Finance Act 1989.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education Act 1989 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as "having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders".

Standard early adopted

In line with the Financial Statements of the Government, the School has elected to early adopt PBE IFRS 9 Financial Instruments. PBE IFRS 9 replaces PBE IPSAS 29 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. Information about the adoption of PBE IFRS 9 is provided in Note 25.

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expenditure threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.





Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the Significant Accounting Policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 12.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the school. Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carryforward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives;

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Use of land and buildings grants are recorded as revenue in the period the School uses the land and buildings. These are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown.

Other Grants

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.





Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recorded as revenue when their receipt is formally acknowledged by the School.

Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Use of Land and Buildings Expense

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes. This is a non-cash expense that is offset by a non-cash grant from the Ministry.

e) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

f) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

g) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

h) Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for credit losses. The school applies the simplified expected credit loss model of recognising lifetime expected credit losses for receivables. In measuring expected credit losses, short-term receivables have been assessed on a collective basis as they possess shared credit risk characteristics. They have been grouped based on the days past due. Short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include the debtor being in liquidation.

Prior Year Policy

Accounts Receivable represents items that the School has issued invoices for or accrued for, but has not received payment for at year end. Receivables are initially recorded at fair value and subsequently recorded at the amount the School realistically expects to receive. A receivable is considered uncollectable where there is objective evidence the School will not be able to collect all amounts due. The amount that is uncollectable (the provision for uncollectibility) is the difference between the amount due and the present value of the amounts expected to be collected.

i) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprise of stationery and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.





j) Investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is not trivial.

Prior Year Policy

Bank term deposits for periods exceeding 90 days are classified as investments and are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. After initial recognition bank term deposits are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment.

Investments that are shares are categorised as "available for sale" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards. Share investments are recognised initially by the School at fair value plus transaction costs. At balance date the School has assessed whether there is any evidence that an investment is impaired. Any impairment, gains or losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

After initial recognition any investments categorised as available for sale are measured at their fair value without any deduction for transaction costs the school may incur on sale or other disposal.

k) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements to buildings owned by the Crown are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Property, plant and equipment acquired with individual values under \$500 are not capitalised, they are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the school will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.

Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Building improvements to Crown Owned Assets
Furniture and equipment
Leased assets held under a Finance Lease
Library resources

5-100 years 5-20 years 3-4 years 10 years





I) Intangible Assets

Software costs

Computer software acquired by the School are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Costs associated with subsequent maintenance or licensing of software are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense when incurred.

Computer software licences with individual values under \$500 are not capitalised, they are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense when incurred.

Computer software that the school receives from the Ministry of Education is normally acquired through a non-exchange transaction and is not of a material amount. It's fair value can be assessed at time of acquisition if no other methods lead to a fair value determination. Computer software purchased directly from suppliers at market rates are considered exchange transactions and the fair value is the amount paid for the software.

The carrying value of software is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. The useful life of software is estimated as three years. The amortisation charge for each period and any impairment loss is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

m) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

n) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

o) Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are due to be settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay.

These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned to but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are due to be settled beyond 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service, such as long service leave and retirement gratuities, have been calculated on an actuarial basis. The calculations are based on:

- likely future entitlements accruing to staff, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that staff will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information; and
- the present value of the estimated future cash flows.





p) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from students where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to international students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

q) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision for cyclical maintenance represents the obligation the Board has to the Ministry and is based on the Board's ten year property plan (10YPP).

r) Financial Assets and Liabilities

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are categorised as "loans and receivables" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

Investments that are shares are categorised as "available for sale" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. All of these financial liabilities are categorised as "financial liabilities measured at amortised cost" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

s) Borrowings

Borrowings on normal commercial terms are initially recognised at the amount borrowed plus transaction costs. Interest due on the borrowings is subsequently accrued and added to the borrowings balance. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the school has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.

Grants determined by the Minister of Education for operational activities includes all items (core components) included in the Operational Funding notice.

Borrowings include but not limited to bank overdrafts, operating leases, finance leases, painting contracts and term loans.

t) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

u) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board at the start of the year.

v) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.





2. Government Grants

	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Operational Grants	446,493	416,654	412,674
Teachers' Salaries Grants	1,507,804	1,500,000	1,424,394
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	497,405	477,597	477,597
Other MoE Grants	64,189	-	4,853
Other Government Grants	29,467	83,156	124,266
	2,545,358	2,477,407	2,443,784

3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:	2019	2019	2018
	2010	Budget	2010
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue	\$	\$	\$
Donations	56,021	68,620	57,913
Activities	79,474	-	57,538
Trading	45,673	35,700	42,214
Other Revenue	2,761	7,100	9,601
	183,929	111,420	167,266
Expenses			
Activities	89,679	-	69,993
Trading	38,651	30,800	36,564
Other Locally Raised Funds Expenditure	3,662	2,600	2,721
	131,992	33,400	109,278
Surplus/ (Deficit) for the year Locally raised funds	51,937	78,020	57,988

4. Learning Resources

	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Curricular	35,470	33,153	53,347
Information and Communication Technology	14,130	14,591	13,205
Library Resources	1,263	900	1,404
Employee Benefits - Salaries	1,742,933	1,730,641	1,601,254
Staff Development	14,749	17,600	16,340
	1,808,545	1,796,885	1,685,550





5. Administration			
	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual \$
	\$	\$	Φ
Audit Fee	3,250	3,200	3,100
Board of Trustees Fees	3,770	4,800	4,265
Board of Trustees Expenses	1,030	-	-
Communication	1,714	1,667	2,600
Consumables	11,901	16,757	11,924
Operating Lease	5,864	11,400	7,202
Other	12,045	5,700	11,409
Employee Benefits - Salaries	48,134	44,414	46,919
Insurance	4,193	4,500	4,209
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	2,786	2,400	2,450
	94,687	94,838	94,078
6. Property			
6. Property	94,687	2019	94,078
6. Property	2019	2019 Budget	2018
6. Property	2019 Actual	2019 Budget (Unaudited)	2018 Actual
	2019 Actual	2019 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2018 Actual \$
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	2019 Actual \$ 10,568	2019 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 11,900	2018 Actual \$ 11,739
	2019 Actual \$ 10,568 1,879	2019 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 11,900 8,000	2018 Actual \$ 11,739 9,550
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables Cyclical Maintenance Provision Grounds	2019 Actual \$ 10,568 1,879 13,684	2019 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 11,900 8,000 11,960	2018 Actual \$ 11,739 9,550 11,859
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables Cyclical Maintenance Provision Grounds Heat, Light and Water	2019 Actual \$ 10,568 1,879 13,684 19,489	2019 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 11,900 8,000 11,960 19,000	2018 Actual \$ 11,739 9,550 11,859 19,311
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables Cyclical Maintenance Provision Grounds Heat, Light and Water Rates	2019 Actual \$ 10,568 1,879 13,684 19,489 8,580	2019 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 11,900 8,000 11,960 19,000 10,102	2018 Actual \$ 11,739 9,550 11,859 19,311 9,614
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables Cyclical Maintenance Provision Grounds Heat, Light and Water Rates Repairs and Maintenance	2019 Actual \$ 10,568 1,879 13,684 19,489 8,580 19,674	2019 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 11,900 8,000 11,960 19,000 10,102 14,080	2018 Actual \$ 11,739 9,550 11,859 19,311 9,614 19,923
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables Cyclical Maintenance Provision Grounds Heat, Light and Water Rates Repairs and Maintenance Use of Land and Buildings	2019 Actual \$ 10,568 1,879 13,684 19,489 8,580 19,674 497,405	2019 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 11,900 8,000 11,960 19,000 10,102	2018 Actual \$ 11,739 9,550 11,859 19,311 9,614 19,923 477,597
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables Cyclical Maintenance Provision Grounds Heat, Light and Water Rates Repairs and Maintenance	2019 Actual \$ 10,568 1,879 13,684 19,489 8,580 19,674	2019 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 11,900 8,000 11,960 19,000 10,102 14,080 477,597	2018 Actual \$ 11,739 9,550 11,859 19,311 9,614 19,923
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables Cyclical Maintenance Provision Grounds Heat, Light and Water Rates Repairs and Maintenance Use of Land and Buildings Security	2019 Actual \$ 10,568 1,879 13,684 19,489 8,580 19,674 497,405 1,741	2019 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 11,900 8,000 11,960 19,000 10,102 14,080 477,597 900	2018 Actual \$ 11,739 9,550 11,859 19,311 9,614 19,923 477,597 1,689

The use of land and buildings figure represents 8% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

7. Depreciation

7. Depresiation	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Building Improvements - Crown	3,197	-	3,474
Furniture and Equipment	28,687	48,000	28,853
Leased Assets	10,282	_	14,950
Library Resources	4,336	3,000	4,684
	46,502	51,000	51,961



8. Cash and Cash Equivalents	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Bank Current Account Bank Call Account Short-term Bank Deposits	17,863 52,810 84,040	52,832 214,923 -	61,667 214,923 -
Cash and cash equivalents for Cash Flow Statement	154,713	267,755	276,590
The carrying value of short-term deposits with maturity dates of 90 days or less app	roximates their	fair value.	
9. Accounts Receivable	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$ 732	\$	\$
Receivables Interest Receivable	732 343	409	409
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	105,224	95,812	95,812
- -	106,299	96,221	96,221
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	1,075	409	409
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	105,224	95,812	95,812
- -	106,299	96,221	96,221
10. Inventories			
10. Involvence	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Stationery School Uniforms	974 25,956	1,690 28,978	1,690 28,978
- -	26,930	30,668	30,668
11. Investments			
The School's investment activities are classified as follows:	0040	0040	0040
	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Current Asset	\$	\$	\$
Short-term Bank Deposits	-	81,880	81,880

Total Investments

81,880

81,880



12. Property, Plant and Equipment

2019	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions	Disposals \$	Impairment \$	Depreciation	Total (NBV) \$
Building Improvements	80,094	3,886	-	_	(3,197)	80,783
Furniture and Equipment	91,638	56,926	(988)	-	(28,687)	118,889
Leased Assets	14,226	11,867	-	-	(10,282)	15,811
Library Resources	20,043	2,587	-	-	(4,336)	18,294
Balance at 31 December 2019	206,001	75,266	(988)	-	(46,502)	233,777
				Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
2019				\$	\$	\$
Building Improvements				159,579	(78,796)	80,783
Furniture and Equipment				472,151	(353,262)	118,889
Leased Assets				67,149	(51,338)	15,811
Library Resources				161,230	(142,936)	18,294
Balance at 31 December 2019			-	860,109	(626,332)	233,777
2018	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions \$	Disposals \$	Impairment \$	Depreciation \$	Total (NBV) \$
Building Improvements	83,568	_	-	_	(3,474)	80,094
Furniture and Equipment	95,982	24,509	-	-	(28,853)	91,638
Leased Assets	21,250	7,926	-	-	(14,950)	14,226
Library Resources	21,904	2,823	-	_	(4,684)	20,043
Balance at 31 December 2018	222,704	35,258	-	-	(51,961)	206,001
				Costor	Accumulated	Net Book

	Cost or	Accumulated	Net Book
	Valuation	Depreciation	Value
2018	\$	\$	\$
Building Improvements Furniture and Equipment Leased Assets Library Resources	155,693	(75,599)	80,094
	510,014	(418,376)	91,638
	55,282	(41,056)	14,226
	160,833	(140,790)	20,043
Balance at 31 December 2018	881,822	(675,821)	206,001





Operating Creditors \$ 4,727 59,378 59,378 4,320 4,200	13. Accounts Payable	2019 Actual	2019 Budget (Unaudited)	2018 Actual
Accruals Capital Accruals for PPE items 4,370 and 1,320		\$	\$	\$
Actual Accurate for PPE items	Operating Creditors		·	
105,224 95,812 95,812 95,812 128,024 159,510 159,510 159,510 159,510 159,510 159,510 159,510 128,024 159,510 159,510 159,510 128,024 159,510	Accruals		4,320	4,320
128,024	Capital Accruals for PPE items		-	- 05 040
Payables for Exchange Transactions 128,024 159,510 159,510 The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value. 2019 2019 2018 Actual Value Budget (Unaudited) Actual Value <	Employee Entitlements - Salaries	105,224	95,812	95,612
128,024		128,024	159,510	159,510
128,024	Townstiens	128 024	159 510	159.510
14. Revenue Received in Advance 2019 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2018 2019 2018 2	Payables for Exchange Transactions	120,021	100,070	
14. Revenue Received in Advance 2019 2019 2018 Budget (Unaudited) Actual \$ Budget (Unaudited) Actual \$ 0 2,255 1,183 1,183 15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance 2019 2019 2018 Budget (Unaudited) Actual Budget (Unaudited) Actual \$ \$ Provision at the Start of the Year Increase/ (decrease) to the Provision During the Year 37,150 37,150 27,600 Provision at the End of the Year 39,029 37,150 37,150 Cyclical Maintenance - Current Cyclical Maintenance - Term 17,143 - - Cyclical Maintenance - Term 21,886 37,150 37,150		128,024	159,510	159,510
Other 2019 2019 2018 Actual (Unaudited) Actual (Unaudited) Actual (Unaudited) \$ 2,255 1,183 1,183 15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance 2019 2019 2018 Budget Actual (Unaudited) Actual (Unaudited) Actual (Unaudited) Actual (Unaudited) Provision at the Start of the Year Increase/ (decrease) to the Provision During the Year 37,150 37,150 27,600 Provision at the End of the Year 39,029 37,150 37,150 Cyclical Maintenance - Current Cyclical Maintenance - Term 21,886 37,150 37,150	The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.			
Other Actual \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	14. Revenue Received in Advance	2019	2019	2018
2,255		2013	2013	
15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance 2019 2019 Budget Actual (Unaudited) Actual \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		Actual \$	Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Provision at the Start of the Year 37,150 37,150 27,600 Increase/ (decrease) to the Provision During the Year 39,029 37,150 37,150 Provision at the End of the Year 39,029 37,150 37,150 Cyclical Maintenance - Current 17,143 -	Other	Actual \$	Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Provision at the Start of the Year 1,879 - 9,550 Provision at the End of the Year 39,029 37,150 37,150 Cyclical Maintenance - Current Cyclical Maintenance - Term 17,143 - - Cyclical Maintenance - Term 21,886 37,150 37,150	Other	Actual \$ 2,255	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 1,183	Actual \$ 1,183
Cyclical Maintenance - Current Cyclical Maintenance - Term 17,143		Actual \$ 2,255 2,255 2019 Actual \$	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 1,183 1,183 2019 Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual \$ 1,183 1,183 2018 Actual \$
Cyclical Maintenance - Term 21,886 37,150 37,150	15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance Provision at the Start of the Year	Actual \$ 2,255 2,255 2019 Actual \$ 37,150	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 1,183 1,183 2019 Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual \$ 1,183 1,183 2018 Actual \$ 27,600
39,029 37,150 37,150	15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance Provision at the Start of the Year Increase/ (decrease) to the Provision During the Year	Actual \$ 2,255 2,255 2019 Actual \$ 37,150 1,879	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 1,183 1,183 2019 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 37,150 -	Actual \$ 1,183 1,183 2018 Actual \$ 27,600 9,550
	15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance Provision at the Start of the Year Increase/ (decrease) to the Provision During the Year Provision at the End of the Year Cyclical Maintenance - Current	Actual \$ 2,255 2,255 2019 Actual \$ 37,150 1,879 39,029	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 1,183 1,183 2019 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 37,150 - 37,150	Actual \$ 1,183 1,183 2018 Actual \$ 27,600 9,550 37,150



16. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	9,452	-	10,523
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	8,876		6,023
	18,328		16,546

17. Funds Held for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects:

	2019	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments Transfers \$	BOT Contributions	Closing Balances \$
Special Needs Decking Classroom Opening ILE Project - Senior Rooms R7/8 Door Opening	completed completed in progress in progress	(3,722) (3,886) 76,008	- - -	3,722 - (170,949) (4,350)	- 3,886 36,860 -	- (58,081) (4,350)
Totals	, p. 193. 1 2 1	68,400		(171,577)	40,746	(62,431)
Represented by: Funds Due for Capital Works P	rojects				- -	(62,431) 62,431
	2018	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$		Closing Balances \$
Special Needs Decking Classroom Opening ILE Project - Senior Rooms	in progress in progress in progress	(10,374) (3,886) 15,334	9,725 - 246,503	(3,073) - (185,829)	_	(3,722) (3,886) 76,008
Totals		1,074	256,228	(188,902)	-	68,400

18. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.





19. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all trustees of the Board, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of

Departments.	De	par	tme	nts.
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Departments.	2019 Actual \$	2018 Actual \$
Board Members Remuneration Full-time equivalent members	3,770 0.10	4,265 0.92
Leadership Team Remuneration Full-time equivalent members	439,383 4.00	418,304 4.00
Total key management personnel remuneration Total full-time equivalent personnel	443,153 4.10	422,569 4.92

The full time equivalent for Board members has been determined based on attendance at Board meetings, Committee meetings and for other obligations of the Board, such as stand downs and suspensions, plus the estimated time for Board members to prepare for meetings.

Principal

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following parids.	2019 Actual	2018 Actual
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits: Salary and Other Payments	\$000 140-150	\$000 140-150
Benefits and Other Emoluments Termination Benefits	3 - 4	3 - 4 -

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration \$000	2019 FTE Number	2018 FTE Number
110 - 120	-	-
100 - 110	1.00	-
-	1.00	-

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.



20. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at **31 December 2019** (Contingent liabilities and assets at **31 December 2018**: nil).

Holidays Act Compliance - schools payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of school boards of trustees, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry has commenced a review of the schools sector payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003. The initial phase of this review has identified areas of non-compliance. The Ministry has recognised an estimated provision based on the analysis of sample data, which may not be wholly representative of the total dataset for Teacher and Support Staff Entitlements. A more accurate estimate will be possible after further analysis of non-compliance has been completed, and this work is ongoing. Final calculations and potential impact on any specific individual will not be known until further detailed analysis has been completed

To the extent that any obligation cannot reasonably be quantified at 31 December 2019, a contingent liability for the school may exist.

21. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

As at 31 December 2019 the Board has entered into contract agreements for capital works as follows:

- (a) \$291,114 contract for ILE Senior block upgrade to be completed in 2020, which will be partly funded by the Ministry of Education. \$275,503 has been received and \$36,860 has been contributed from equity by the Board of Trustees; of which \$370,443 has been spent on the project to date; and
- (b) Proposed contract for door opening R7/8 as agent for the Ministry of Education. \$4,350 has been spent on the project to balance date.

(Capital commitments at 31 December 2018: \$68,400)

(b) Operating Commitments

As at 31 December 2019 the Board has not entered into any contracts.





22. Managing Capital

The School's capital is its equity and comprises capital contributions from the Ministry of Education for property, plant and equipment and accumulated surpluses and deficits. The School does not actively manage capital but attempts to ensure that income exceeds spending in most years. Although deficits can arise as planned in particular years, they are offset by planned surpluses in previous years or ensuing years.

23. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost (2018: Loans and receivables)

Findicial assets measured at amortised cost (2010) Zouno and recordance,	2019	2019 Budget	2018
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables Investments - Term Deposits	154,713 106,299	267,755 96,221 81,880	276,590 96,221 81,880
Total Financial assets measured at amortised cost =	261,012	445,856	454,691
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables Finance Leases	128,024 16,156	159,510 15,090	159,510 15,090
Total Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost	144,180	174,600	174,600

24. Events After Balance Date

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organisation declared the outbreak of COVID-19 (a novel Coronavirus) a pandemic. Two weeks later, on 26 March, New Zealand increased its' COVID-19 alert level to level 4 and a nationwide lockdown commenced. As part of this lockdown all schools were closed. Subsequently all schools and kura reopened on the 18th of May 2020.

At the date of issuing the financial statements, the school has been able to absorb the majority of the impact from the nationwide lockdown as it was decided to start the annual Easter School holidays early. In the periods the school is open for tuition, the school has switched to alternative methods of delivering the curriculum, so students can learn remotely.

At this time the full financial impact of the COVID-19 pandemic is not able to be determined, but it is not expected to be significant to the school. The school will continue to receive funding from the Ministry of Education, even while closed.

25. Adoption of PBE IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

In accordance with the transitional provisions of PBE IFRS 9, the school has elected not to restate the information for previous years to comply with PBE IFRS 9. Adjustments arising from the adoption of PBE IFRS 9 are recognised in opening equity at 1 January 2019. Accounting policies have been updated to comply with PBE IFRS 9. The main updates are:

- Note 9 Receivables: This policy has been updated to reflect that the impairment of short-term receivables is now determined by applying an expected credit loss model.
- · Note 11 Investments:

Term deposits: This policy has been updated to explain that a loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised only if the estimated loss allowance is not trivial.

Upon transition to PBE IFRS9 there were no material adjustments to these financial statements

