

# EAST TAIERI SCHOOL

## ANNUAL REPORT

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### School Directory

<b>Ministry Number:</b>	3733
<b>Principal:</b>	Jennifer Horgan
<b>School Address:</b>	11 Cemetery Road, East Taieri, Mosgiel 9024
<b>School Postal Address:</b>	11 Cemetery Road, East Taieri, Mosgiel 9024
<b>School Phone:</b>	03 489 6737
<b>School Email:</b>	<a href="mailto:etaieri@east-taieri.school.nz">etaieri@east-taieri.school.nz</a>

#### Members of the Board

<b>Name</b>	<b>Position</b>	<b>How Position Gained</b>	<b>Term Expired/ Expires</b>
Jared Hayes	Presiding Member	Elected	May-25
Karen Hanna	Presiding Member	Elected	Sep-22
Jennifer Horgan	Principal ex Officio		
Hayley Rivett	Treasurer	Elected	May-25
Elizabeth Campbell	Parent Representative	Elected	May-25
Amanda Taia	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep-22
Andrew Hollands	Parent Representative	Elected	May-25
Garreth Jay	Parent Representative	Elected	May-25
Sam Lind	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep-22
Janine Clague	Staff Representative	Elected	May-25

**Accountant / Service Provider:** Moore Markhams Otago

# EAST TAIERI SCHOOL

Annual Report - For the year ended 31 December 2022

## Index

Page	Statement
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### Financial Statements

<a href="#">1</a>	Statement of Responsibility
<a href="#">2</a>	Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense
<a href="#">3</a>	Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity
<a href="#">4</a>	Statement of Financial Position
<a href="#">5</a>	Statement of Cash Flows
<a href="#">6 - 18</a>	Notes to the Financial Statements

### Other Information

Analysis of Variance

Kiwisport

# East Taieri School

## Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2022

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the principal and others as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2022 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

JARED HAYES

Full Name of Presiding Member

Jennifer Horgan

Full Name of Principal

J Hayes

Signature of Presiding Member

J Horgan

Signature of Principal

Date:

21/11/23

Date:

21/11/23

# East Taieri School

## Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
<b>Revenue</b>				
Government Grants	2	2,840,678	558,636	2,749,667
Locally Raised Funds	3	137,029	173,350	163,223
Interest Income		3,385	504	581
<b>Total Revenue</b>		<b>2,981,092</b>	<b>732,490</b>	<b>2,913,471</b>
<b>Expenses</b>				
Locally Raised Funds	3	114,556	119,900	103,873
Learning Resources	4	2,157,316	330,767	2,158,171
Administration	5	126,362	116,493	92,229
Finance		1,372	290	1,560
Property	6	590,107	160,916	539,628
		<b>2,989,713</b>	<b>728,366</b>	<b>2,895,462</b>
<b>Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year</b>		<b>(8,621)</b>	<b>4,124</b>	<b>18,009</b>
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		-	-	-
<b>Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year</b>		<b>(8,621)</b>	<b>4,124</b>	<b>18,009</b>

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

# East Taieri School

## Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
<b>Equity at 1 January</b>		499,321	499,325	470,912
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year		(8,621)	4,124	18,009
Contributions from the Ministry of Education				
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant		-	-	10,400
<b>Equity at 31 December</b>		490,700	503,449	499,321
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense		490,700	503,449	499,321
<b>Equity at 31 December</b>		490,700	503,449	499,321

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

# East Taieri School

## Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
<b>Current Assets</b>				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	295,946	321,130	317,006
Accounts Receivable	8	141,979	142,732	142,732
GST Receivable		16,853	6,607	6,604
Prepayments		4,278	5,579	5,579
Inventories	9	23,344	28,217	28,216
Funds Receivable for Capital Works Projects	15	56,110	25,112	25,112
		<u>538,510</u>	<u>529,377</u>	<u>525,249</u>
<b>Current Liabilities</b>				
Accounts Payable	11	198,849	168,171	168,171
Revenue Received in Advance	12	616	1,908	1,908
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	13	48,089	38,285	38,285
Finance Lease Liability	14	7,513	8,936	8,936
		<u>255,067</u>	<u>217,300</u>	<u>217,300</u>
<b>Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)</b>		283,443	312,077	307,949
<b>Non-current Assets</b>				
Property, Plant and Equipment	10	233,753	216,487	216,487
		<u>233,753</u>	<u>216,487</u>	<u>216,487</u>
<b>Non-current Liabilities</b>				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	13	18,850	19,350	19,350
Finance Lease Liability	14	7,646	5,765	5,765
		<u>26,496</u>	<u>25,115</u>	<u>25,115</u>
<b>Net Assets</b>		<u>490,700</u>	<u>503,449</u>	<u>499,321</u>
<b>Equity</b>		<u>490,700</u>	<u>503,449</u>	<u>499,321</u>

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

# East Taieri School

## Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Note	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
<b>Cash flows from Operating Activities</b>				
Government Grants		638,125	558,636	647,952
Locally Raised Funds		136,752	173,350	159,573
Goods and Services Tax (net)		(10,250)	-	(28,031)
Payments to Employees		(352,432)	(333,249)	(399,531)
Payments to Suppliers		(346,215)	(386,627)	(343,264)
Interest Paid		(1,372)	(290)	(940)
Interest Received		3,169	504	541
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities		67,777	12,324	36,300
<b>Cash flows from Investing Activities</b>				
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)		(47,683)	(8,200)	(14,781)
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities		(47,683)	(8,200)	(14,781)
<b>Cash flows from Financing Activities</b>				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		-	-	10,400
Finance Lease Payments		(10,156)	-	(9,476)
Funds Administered on Behalf of Third Parties		(30,998)	-	(208,864)
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities		(41,154)	-	(207,940)
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>		<b>(21,060)</b>	<b>4,124</b>	<b>(186,421)</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	7	317,006	317,006	503,427
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>295,946</b>	<b>321,130</b>	<b>317,006</b>

The statement of cash flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries and the use of land and buildings grant and expense have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

# East Taieri School

## Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the year ended 31 December 2022

#### 1. Statement of Accounting Policies

##### a) Reporting Entity

East Taieri School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

##### b) Basis of Preparation

###### **Reporting Period**

The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

###### **Basis of Preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

###### **Financial Reporting Standards Applied**

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

###### **PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime**

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expense threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

###### **Measurement Base**

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

###### **Presentation Currency**

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

###### **Specific Accounting Policies**

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

###### **Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions**

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

###### **Cyclical maintenance**

A school recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the school buildings. The estimate is based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 13.

###### **Useful lives of property, plant and equipment**

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the significant accounting policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 10.



### **Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies**

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

#### **Classification of leases**

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the school. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee. Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in note 14.

#### **Recognition of grants**

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

### **c) Revenue Recognition**

#### **Government Grants**

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives.

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. Grants for the use of land and buildings are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

#### **Other Grants where conditions exist**

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

#### **Donations, Gifts and Bequests**

Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.

#### **Interest Revenue**

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

### **d) Operating Lease Payments**

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

### **e) Finance Lease Payments**

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

### **f) Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

### **g) Accounts Receivable**

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The schools receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education, therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

### **h) Inventories**

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprised of stationery and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

### **i) Property, Plant and Equipment**

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements (funded by the Board) to buildings owned by the Crown or directly by the board are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

### **Finance Leases**

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the school will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.

### **Depreciation**

Property, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Building improvements to crown owned assets	5-100 years
Furniture and equipment	5-20 years
Leased assets held under a Finance Lease	Term of Lease
Library resources	10 years

### **j) Intangible Assets**

#### *Software costs*

Computer software acquired by the School are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Costs associated with subsequent maintenance and research expenditure are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense when incurred.

The carrying value of software is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. The useful life of software is estimated as three years. The amortisation charge for each period and any impairment loss is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

### **k) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets**

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

#### *Non cash generating assets*

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

In determining fair value less costs to sell the school engages an independent valuer to assess market value based on the best available information. The valuation is based on [details of the valuer's approach to determining market value (i.e. what valuation techniques have been employed, comparison to recent market transaction etc.)].

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

### **l) Accounts Payable**

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

### **m) Employee Entitlements**

#### *Short-term employee entitlements*

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, to but not yet taken at balance date.

#### *Long-term employee entitlements*

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

### **n) Revenue Received in Advance**

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from students where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to international students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

### **o) Funds held for Capital works**

The school directly receives funding from the Ministry of Education for capital works projects that are included in the School five year capital works agreement. These funds are held on behalf and for a specified purpose as such these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

#### **p) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance**

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition.

The school carries out painting maintenance of the whole school over a 7 to 10 year period, the economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the school to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.

#### **q) Financial Instruments**

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Investments that are shares are categorised as 'financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards. On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the School may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive revenue and expense. This election has been made for investments that are shares. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in surplus or deficit unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense and are never reclassified to surplus or deficit.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in surplus or deficit.

#### **r) Goods and Services Tax (GST)**

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

#### **s) Budget Figures**

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

#### **u) Services received in-kind**

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

## 2. Government Grants

	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Operational Grants	604,082	547,636	614,152
Teachers' Salaries Grants	1,792,879	-	1,727,939
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	409,674	-	369,265
Other Government Grants	34,043	11,000	38,311
	2,840,678	558,636	2,749,667

The school has not opted in to the donations scheme for this year.

## 3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
<b>Revenue</b>			
Donations & Bequests	45,015	52,150	52,103
Fees for Extra Curricular Activities	57,733	87,500	65,756
Trading	34,281	33,700	45,364
	137,029	173,350	163,223
<b>Expenses</b>			
Extra Curricular Activities Costs	73,968	87,700	70,077
Trading	40,588	32,200	32,410
Other Locally Raised Funds Expenditure	-	-	1,386
	114,556	119,900	103,873
<i>Surplus/ (Deficit) for the year Locally raised funds</i>	22,473	53,450	59,350

## 4. Learning Resources

	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Curricular	31,277	39,100	34,836
Equipment Repairs	3,959	1,500	1,197
Information and Communication Technology	36,777	24,200	21,853
Library Resources	443	3,500	-
Employee Benefits - Salaries	2,024,501	230,621	2,044,734
Staff Development	19,328	23,646	14,152
Depreciation	41,031	8,200	41,399
	2,157,316	330,767	2,158,171

## 5. Administration

	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Audit Fee	4,660	3,500	5,343
Board Fees	3,216	-	4,085
Board Expenses	1,165	6,175	-
Communication	1,287	1,400	1,178
Consumables	12,101	14,000	11,122
Operating Lease	1,007	10,000	1,479
Other	12,648	9,850	14,350
Employee Benefits - Salaries	74,382	62,068	47,022
Insurance	4,935	5,200	5,000
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	10,961	4,300	2,650
	<u>126,362</u>	<u>116,493</u>	<u>92,229</u>

## 6. Property

	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	65,453	59,656	52,511
Cyclical Maintenance Provision	9,304	-	9,302
Grounds	5,561	5,200	4,768
Heat, Light and Water	22,388	20,800	20,794
Rates	12,122	15,500	13,687
Repairs and Maintenance	21,684	15,700	20,854
Use of Land and Buildings	409,674	-	369,265
Security	1,342	3,500	3,975
Employee Benefits - Salaries	42,579	40,560	44,472
	<u>590,107</u>	<u>160,916</u>	<u>539,628</u>

The use of land and buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

## 7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Bank Accounts	209,369	235,391	231,267
Short-term Bank Deposits	86,577	85,739	85,739
Cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	<u>295,946</u>	<u>321,130</u>	<u>317,006</u>

The carrying value of short-term deposits with original maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.

Of the \$295,946 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$8,442 is held by the School on behalf of the Ministry of Education. These funds have been provided by the Ministry as part of the school's 5 Year Agreement funding for upgrades to the school's buildings. The funds are required to be spent in 2023 on Crown owned school buildings.

## 8. Accounts Receivable

	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Receivables	-	1,015	1,015
Interest Receivable	349	133	133
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	141,630	141,584	141,584
	<u>141,979</u>	<u>142,732</u>	<u>142,732</u>
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	349	1,148	1,148
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	141,630	141,584	141,584
	<u>141,979</u>	<u>142,732</u>	<u>142,732</u>

## 9. Inventories

	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Stationery	1,117	864	864
School Uniforms	22,227	27,353	27,353
	<u>23,344</u>	<u>28,217</u>	<u>28,217</u>

## 10. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions \$	Disposals \$	Impairment \$	Depreciation \$	Total (NBV) \$
<b>2022</b>						
Building Improvements	76,300				(1,941)	<b>74,359</b>
Furniture and Equipment	106,597	44,303			(25,402)	<b>125,498</b>
Leased Assets	14,009	10,613			(9,631)	<b>14,991</b>
Library Resources	19,581	3,380			(4,057)	<b>18,904</b>
<b>Balance at 31 December 2022</b>	<u>216,487</u>	<u>58,296</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(41,031)</u>	<u><b>233,752</b></u>

### Restrictions

There are no restrictions over the title of the school's property, plant and equipment, nor are any property, plant and equipment pledged as security for liabilities.

	2022 Cost or Valuation \$	2022 Accumulated Depreciation \$	2022 Net Book Value \$	2021 Cost or Valuation \$	2021 Accumulated Depreciation \$	2021 Net Book Value \$
Building Improvements	159,579	(85,220)	<b>74,359</b>	159,579	(83,279)	<b>76,300</b>
Furniture and Equipment	558,797	(433,299)	<b>125,498</b>	514,494	(407,897)	<b>106,597</b>
Leased Assets	95,670	(80,678)	<b>14,992</b>	85,056	(71,047)	<b>14,009</b>
Library Resources	166,348	(147,444)	<b>18,904</b>	168,458	(148,877)	<b>19,581</b>
<b>Balance at 31 December</b>	<u>980,394</u>	<u>(746,641)</u>	<u><b>233,753</b></u>	<u>927,587</u>	<u>(711,100)</u>	<u><b>216,487</b></u>

## 11. Accounts Payable

	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Creditors	32,062	11,467	11,467
Accruals	20,249	6,363	6,363
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	146,538	150,341	150,341
	<u>198,849</u>	<u>168,171</u>	<u>168,171</u>
Payables for Exchange Transactions	198,849	168,171	168,171
	<u>198,849</u>	<u>168,171</u>	<u>168,171</u>

The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.

## 12. Revenue Received in Advance

	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Other revenue in Advance	616	1,908	1,908
	<u>616</u>	<u>1,908</u>	<u>1,908</u>

## 13. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Provision at the Start of the Year	57,635	57,635	48,333
Increase to the Provision During the Year	9,304	-	9,302
Provision at the End of the Year	<u>66,939</u>	<u>57,635</u>	<u>57,635</u>
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	48,089	38,285	38,285
Cyclical Maintenance - Non current	18,850	19,350	19,350
	<u>66,939</u>	<u>57,635</u>	<u>57,635</u>



#### 14. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
No Later than One Year	8,561	8,936	9,907
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	8,225	5,765	6,154
Future Finance Charges	(1,628)	-	(1,360)
	<u>15,159</u>	<u>14,701</u>	<u>14,701</u>
<b>Represented by</b>			
Finance lease liability - Current	7,513	8,936	8,936
Finance lease liability - Non current	7,646	5,765	5,765
	<u>15,159</u>	<u>14,701</u>	<u>14,701</u>

#### 15. Funds Held for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects. The amount of cash held on behalf of the Ministry for capital works project is included under cash and cash equivalents in note 7.

2022	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions \$	Closing Balances \$
SIP 3, 6, 10, LSC, New entrants and staffroom Middle Block	(15,870)	-	(13,976)	-	(29,846)
Senior Block Roof Replacement	(9,242)	32,000	(14,316)	-	8,442
Office Renovations	-	67,307	(67,404)	-	(98)
Bike Track	-	-	(30,880)	-	(30,880)
	-	-	(3,728)	-	(3,728)
Totals	<u>(25,112)</u>	<u>99,307</u>	<u>(130,305)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(56,110)</u>

#### Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education	8,442
Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education	(64,552)

2021	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions \$	Closing Balances \$
SIP 3, 6, 10, LSC, New entrants and staffroom	180,557	-	(196,426)	-	(15,870)
SIP 5, Carpet Autex Joinery Toilet upgrade	3,194	-	(3,194)	-	-
Middle Block	-	-	(9,243)	-	(9,242)
	-	-	-	-	-
Totals	<u>183,751</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(208,863)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(25,112)</u>

#### Represented by:

Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education	(25,112)
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## 16. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

## 17. Remuneration

### *Key management personnel compensation*

Key management personnel of the School include all Board members, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	<b>2022 Actual \$</b>	<b>2021 Actual \$</b>
<i>Board Members</i> Remuneration	3,216	4,085
<i>Leadership Team</i> Remuneration Full-time equivalent members	454,820 4	453,248 4
Total key management personnel remuneration	458,035	457,333

There are six members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board had held 11 full meetings of the Board in the year. The Board also has Finance (1x members) and Property (1 x members) that meet monthly. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Chair and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider student welfare matters including stand downs, suspensions, and other disciplinary matters.

### *Principal 1*

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	<b>2022 Actual \$000</b>	<b>2021 Actual \$000</b>
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:		
Salary and Other Payments	150 - 160	150 - 160
Benefits and Other Emoluments	4 - 5	4 - 5
	<b>Remuneration \$000</b>	<b>2022 FTE Number</b>
	100 - 110	2
	110 - 120	-
	2	2

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

## 18. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be board members, committee members, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2022 Actual	2021 Actual
Total	-	-
Number of People	-	-

## 19. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2022 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2021: nil).

Holidays Act Compliance – schools payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry's review of the schools sector payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003 is ongoing. Final calculations and potential impact on any specific individual will not be known until further detailed analysis and solutions have been completed.

To the extent that any obligation cannot reasonably be quantified at 31 December 2022, a contingent liability for the school may exist.

## 20. Commitments

### (a) Capital Commitments

As at 31 December 2022 the Board has entered into contract agreements for capital works as follows:

- (a) \$225,665 contract for SIP: 3, 6, 10, LSC, New Entrants and Staffroom to be completed in 2022, which will be fully funded by the Ministry of Education. \$203,099 has been received of which \$232,944 has been spent on the project to date; and
- (b) \$67,307 contract for 5YA - Senior Block Roof Replacement to be completed in 2022, which will be fully funded by the Ministry of Education. \$69,307 has been received of which \$67,404 has been spent on the project to date; and
- (c) \$32,000 contract for 5YA - Middle Block Upgrade to be completed in 2022, which will be fully funded by the Ministry of Education. \$32,000 has been received of which \$21,558 has been spent on the project to date; and
- (d) Proposed contract for office renovations as agent for the Ministry of Education. No funding has been received. \$30,880 has been spent on the project to balance date.
- (e) Proposed contract for a bike track as agent for the Ministry of Education. No funding has been received. \$3,728 has been spent on the project to balance date.

(Capital commitments at 31 December 2021: \$203,099)

### (b) Operating Commitments

As at 31 December 2022 the Board has not entered into any contracts

## 21. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

### Financial assets measured at amortised cost

	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	295,946	321,130	317,006
Receivables	141,979	142,732	142,732
Total Financial assets measured at amortised cost	<u>437,925</u>	<u>463,862</u>	<u>459,738</u>

### Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

Payables	198,849	168,171	168,171
Finance Leases	15,159	14,701	14,701
Total Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost	<u>214,008</u>	<u>182,872</u>	<u>182,872</u>

## 22. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

## 23. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.

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DUNEDIN.**

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**Principal:** Jennifer Horgan

## **East Taieri School**



### **Compliance with the Good Employer Policy**

The East Taieri School Board has:

- Developed and implemented appropriate policies which promote high levels of staff performance and recognise the needs of students
- Reviewed its compliance with these policies and can report that it meets all the requirements identified and is in accordance with best practice
- Is a good employer and complies with all conditions included within employee contracts
- Ensures all employees are treated fairly, without bias or discrimination
- Meets all EEO requirements



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### TO THE READERS OF EAST TAIERI SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The Auditor-General is the auditor of East Taieri School (the School). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Mike Hawken, using the staff and resources of Deloitte Limited, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the School on his behalf.

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the School on pages 2 to 18, that comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, statement of changes in net assets/equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements of the School:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
  - its financial position as at 31 December 2022; and
  - its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with Public Sector – Public Benefit Entity Standards, Reduced Disclosure Regime.

Our audit was completed on 21 November 2023. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

#### Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Responsibilities of the Board for the financial statements

The Board is responsible on behalf of the School for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand.

The Board is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, the Board is responsible on behalf of the School for assessing the School's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to close or merge the School, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board's responsibilities, in terms of the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020, arise from section 87 of the Education Act 1989.

### **Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For the budget information reported in the financial statements, our procedures were limited to checking that the information agreed to the School's approved budget.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the School's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the School to cease to continue as a going concern.
- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

- We assess the risk of material misstatement arising from the Novopay payroll system, which may still contain errors. As a result, we carried out procedures to minimise the risk of material errors arising from the system that, in our judgement, would likely influence readers' overall understanding of the financial statements.

We communicate with the Board regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arise from the Public Audit Act 2001.

## Other information

The Board is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included on pages accompanying the financial statements but does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Independence

We are independent of the School in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1 *International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with or interests in the School.



Mike Hawken  
for Deloitte Limited  
On behalf of the Auditor-General  
Dunedin, New Zealand